

# Putnam $\Sigma.4$

Po-Shen Loh

17 September 2016

## 1 Problems

**Putnam 2004/B4.** Let  $n$  be a positive integer,  $n \geq 2$ , and put  $\theta = 2\pi/n$ . Define points  $P_k = (k, 0)$  in the  $xy$ -plane, for  $k = 1, 2, \dots, n$ . Let  $R_k$  be the map that rotates the plane counterclockwise by the angle  $\theta$  about the point  $P_k$ . Let  $R$  denote the map obtained by applying, in order,  $R_1$ , then  $R_2, \dots$ , then  $R_n$ . For an arbitrary point  $(x, y)$ , find, and simplify, the coordinates of  $R(x, y)$ .

**Putnam 2004/B5.** Evaluate

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \prod_{n=0}^{\infty} \left( \frac{1 + x^{n+1}}{1 + x^n} \right)^{x^n}.$$

**Putnam 2004/B6.** Let  $\mathcal{A}$  be a non-empty set of positive integers, and let  $N(x)$  denote the number of elements of  $\mathcal{A}$  not exceeding  $x$ . Let  $\mathcal{B}$  denote the set of positive integers  $b$  that can be written in the form  $b = a - a'$  with  $a \in \mathcal{A}$  and  $a' \in \mathcal{A}$ . Let  $b_1 < b_2 < \dots$  be the members of  $\mathcal{B}$ , listed in increasing order. Show that if the sequence  $b_{i+1} - b_i$  is unbounded, then

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} N(x)/x = 0.$$