Putnam E.6

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1 Problems

Putnam 2008/A1. Let $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ be a function such that $f(x, y) + f(y, z) + f(z, x) = 0$ for all real numbers x, y, and z. Prove that there exists a function $g : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ such that $f(x, y) = g(x) - g(y)$ for all real numbers x and y.

Putnam 2008/A2. Alan and Barbara play a game in which they take turns filling entries of an initially empty 2008×2008 array. Alan plays first. At each turn, a player chooses a real number and places it in a vacant entry. The game ends when all the entries are filled. Alan wins if the determinant of the resulting matrix is nonzero; Barbara wins if it is zero. Which player has a winning strategy?

Putnam 2008/A3. Start with a finite sequence $a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n$ of positive integers. If possible, choose two indices $j < k$ such that a_j does not divide a_k, and replace a_j and a_k by $\gcd(a_j, a_k)$ and $\operatorname{lcm}(a_j, a_k)$, respectively. Prove that if this process is repeated, it must eventually stop and the final sequence does not depend on the choices made.