# Putnam 5.3 

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## 1 Problems

Putnam 2004/B4. Let $n$ be a positive integer, $n \geq 2$, and put $\theta=2 \pi / n$. Define points $P_{k}=(k, 0)$ in the $x y$-plane, for $k=1,2, \ldots, n$. Let $R_{k}$ be the map that rotates the plane counterclockwise by the angle $\theta$ about the point $P_{k}$. Let $R$ denote the map obtained by applying, in order, $R_{1}$, then $R_{2}, \ldots$, then $R_{n}$. For an arbitrary point $(x, y)$, find, and simplify, the coordinates of $R(x, y)$.

Putnam 2004/B5. Evaluate

$$
\lim _{x \rightarrow 1^{-}} \prod_{n=0}^{\infty}\left(\frac{1+x^{n+1}}{1+x^{n}}\right)^{x^{n}}
$$

Putnam 2004/B6. Let $\mathcal{A}$ be a non-empty set of positive integers, and let $N(x)$ denote the number of elements of $\mathcal{A}$ not exceeding $x$. Let $\mathcal{B}$ denote the set of positive integers $b$ that can be written in the form $b=a-a^{\prime}$ with $a \in \mathcal{A}$ and $a^{\prime} \in \mathcal{A}$. Let $b_{1}<b_{2}<\cdots$ be the members of $\mathcal{B}$, listed in increasing order. Show that if the sequence $b_{i+1}-b_{i}$ is unbounded, then

$$
\lim _{x \rightarrow \infty} N(x) / x=0
$$

