# Putnam E. 10 

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## 1 Problems

Putnam 2017/B1. Let $L_{1}$ and $L_{2}$ be distinct lines in the plane. Prove that $L_{1}$ and $L_{2}$ intersect if and only if, for every real number $\lambda \neq 0$ and every point $P$ not on $L_{1}$ or $L_{2}$, there exist points $A_{1}$ on $L_{1}$ and $A_{2}$ on $L_{2}$ such that $\overrightarrow{P A_{2}}=\lambda \overrightarrow{P A_{1}}$.

Putnam 2017/B2. Suppose that a positive integer $N$ can be expressed as the sum of $k$ consecutive positive integers

$$
N=a+(a+1)+(a+2)+\cdots+(a+k-1)
$$

for $k=2017$ but for no other values of $k>1$. Considering all positive integers $N$ with this property, what is the smallest positive integer $a$ that occurs in any of these expressions?

Putnam 2017/B3. Suppose that $f(x)=\sum_{i=0}^{\infty} c_{i} x^{i}$ is a power series for which each coefficient $c_{i}$ is 0 or 1 . Show that if $f(2 / 3)=3 / 2$, then $f(1 / 2)$ must be irrational.

