# Putnam E. 15 

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## 1 Problems

Putnam 2015/B1. Let $f$ be a three times differentiable function (defined on $\mathbb{R}$ and real-valued) such that $f$ has at least five distinct real zeros. Prove that $f+6 f^{\prime}+12 f^{\prime \prime}+8 f^{\prime \prime \prime}$ has at least two distinct real zeros.

Putnam 2015/B2. Given a list of the positive integers $1,2,3,4, \ldots$, take the first three numbers $1,2,3$ and their sum 6 and cross all four numbers off the list. Repeat with the three smallest remaining numbers $4,5,7$ and their sum 16. Continue in this way, crossing off the three smallest remaining numbers and their sum, and consider the sequence of sums produced: $6,16,27,36, \ldots$ Prove or disprove that there is some number in the sequence whose base 10 representation ends with 2015.

Putnam 2015/B3. Let $S$ be the set of all $2 \times 2$ real matrices

$$
M=\left(\begin{array}{ll}
a & b \\
c & d
\end{array}\right)
$$

whose entries $a, b, c, d$ (in that order) form an arithmetic progression. Find all matrices $M$ in $S$ for which there is some integer $k>1$ such that $M^{k}$ is also in $S$.

