# 6. Inequalities

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CMU Putnam Seminar, Fall 2019

#### 1 Classical results

**AM-GM.** For any non-negative reals  $x_1, \ldots, x_n$ ,

$$\sqrt[n]{x_1x_2\cdots x_n} \le \frac{x_1+\cdots+x_n}{n} .$$

**Rearrangement.** For any reals  $x_1 \leq x_2 \leq \cdots \leq x_n$  and  $y_1 \leq y_2 \leq \cdots \leq y_n$ , and any reordering  $y_{\sigma(1)}, y_{\sigma(2)}, \dots, y_{\sigma(n)}$ ,

$$x_1y_n + x_2y_{n-1} + \dots + x_ny_1 \le x_1y_{\sigma(1)} + x_2y_{\sigma(2)} + \dots + x_ny_{\sigma(n)} \le x_1y_1 + x_2y_2 + \dots + x_ny_n$$
.

**Cauchy-Schwarz.** For any reals  $x_1, \ldots, x_n$  and  $y_1, \ldots, y_n$ ,

$$(x_1y_1 + x_2y_2 + \dots + x_ny_n)^2 \le (x_1^2 + \dots + x_n^2)(y_1^2 + \dots + y_n^2).$$

**Jensen.** For any convex function f, and any reals  $x_1, \ldots, x_n$ ,

$$f\left(\frac{x_1+\cdots+x_n}{n}\right) \le \frac{f(x_1)+\cdots+f(x_n)}{n}$$
.

### 2 Problems

- 1. Several gas stations are located along a circular road. Among them, there is just enough gas for one car to complete a single trip around the circle. Is it always true that there is always a place where you can start, so that your car can make it all the way around once?
- 2. A set of n > 3 real numbers has sum at least n and the sum of the squares of the numbers is at least  $n^2$ . Show that the largest positive number is at least 2.
- 3. The sum of the squares of two real numbers is 4. What is the smallest possible value of the sum of their fourth powers?
- 4. We have  $2^m$  sheets of paper, with the number 1 written on each of them. We perform the following operation. In every step we choose two distinct sheets; if the numbers on the two sheets are a and b, then we erase these numbers and write the number a + b on both sheets. Prove that after  $m2^{m-1}$  steps, the sum of the numbers on all the sheets is at least  $4^m$ .
- 5. Let m and n be positive integers. Let  $a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_m$  be distinct elements of  $\{1, 2, \ldots, n\}$  such that whenever  $a_i + a_j \leq n$  for some i, j (possibly the same) we have  $a_i + a_j = a_k$  for some k. Prove that:

$$\frac{a_1 + \dots + a_m}{m} \ge \frac{n+1}{2} \,.$$

6. Let  $a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n$  be a sequence of real numbers, and let m be a fixed positive integer less than n. We say an index k with  $1 \le k \le n$  is good if there exists some  $\ell$  with  $1 \le \ell \le m$  such that

$$a_k + a_{k+1} + \dots + a_{k+\ell-1} \ge 0$$
,

where the indices are taken modulo n. Let T be the set of all good indices. Prove that

$$\sum_{k \in T} a_k \ge 0.$$

- 7. Can an arc of a parabola inside a circle of radius 1 have a length greater than 4?
- 8. For a sequence  $x_1, x_2, \ldots, x_n$  of real numbers, we define its *price* as

$$\max_{1 \le i \le n} |x_1 + \dots + x_i|.$$

Given n real numbers, Dave and George want to arrange them into a sequence with a low price. Diligent Dave checks all possible ways and finds the minimum possible price D. Greedy George, on the other hand, chooses  $x_1$  such that  $|x_1|$  is as small as possible; among the remaining numbers, he chooses  $x_2$  such that  $|x_1 + x_2|$  is as small as possible, and so on. Thus, in the i-th step he chooses  $x_i$  among the remaining numbers so as to minimize the value of  $|x_1 + x_2 + \cdots + x_i|$ . In each step, if several numbers provide the same value, George chooses one at random. Finally he gets a sequence with price G.

Find the least possible constant c such that for every positive integer n, for every collection of n real numbers, and for every possible sequence that George might obtain, the resulting values satisfy the inequality  $G \leq cD$ .

## 3 Homework

Please write up solutions to two of the problems, to turn in at next week's meeting. One of them may be a problem that we discussed in class. You are encouraged to collaborate with each other. Even if you do not solve a problem, please spend two hours thinking, and submit a list of your ideas.