## Putnam $\Sigma.11$

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## 1 Problems

**Putnam 1994/B4.** For  $n \ge 1$ , let  $d_n$  be the greatest common divisor of the entries of  $A^n - I$ , where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad I = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Show that  $\lim_{n\to\infty} d_n = \infty$ .

**Putnam 1994/B5.** For any real number  $\alpha$ , define the function  $f_{\alpha}(x) = \lfloor \alpha x \rfloor$ . Let *n* be a positive integer. Show that there exists an  $\alpha$  such that for  $1 \le k \le n$ ,

$$f_{\alpha}^{k}(n^{2}) = n^{2} - k = f_{\alpha^{k}}(n^{2}).$$

Putnam 1994/B6. For any integer n, set

$$n_a = 101a - 100 \cdot 2^a.$$

Show that for  $0 \le a, b, c, d \le 99, n_a + n_b \equiv n_c + n_d \pmod{10100}$  implies  $\{a, b\} = \{c, d\}$ .