## Putnam $\Sigma.3$

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## 1 Problems

**Putnam 1996/B4.** For any square matrix A, we can define  $\sin A$  by the usual power series:

$$\sin A = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n+1)!} A^{2n+1}.$$

Prove or disprove: there exists a  $2 \times 2$  matrix A with real entries such that

$$\sin A = \left(\begin{array}{cc} 1 & 1996 \\ 0 & 1 \end{array}\right).$$

**Putnam 1996/B5.** Given a finite string S of symbols X and O, we write  $\Delta(S)$  for the number of X's in S minus the number of O's. For example,  $\Delta(XOOXOOX) = -1$ . We call a string S balanced if every substring T of (consecutive symbols of) S has  $-2 \le \Delta(T) \le 2$ . Thus, XOOXOOX is not balanced, since it contains the substring OOXOO. Find, with proof, the number of balanced strings of length n.

**Putnam 1996/B6.** Let  $(a_1, b_1), (a_2, b_2), \dots, (a_n, b_n)$  be the vertices of a convex polygon which contains the origin in its interior. Prove that there exist positive real numbers x and y such that

$$(a_1, b_1)x^{a_1}y^{b_1} + (a_2, b_2)x^{a_2}y^{b_2} + \cdots + (a_n, b_n)x^{a_n}y^{b_n} = (0, 0).$$