

**Assignment 6:** Assigned Wed 11/28. Due TBA

1. Let  $d \in \mathbb{N}$ ,  $b : \mathbb{R}^d \times [0, \infty) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^d$  be bounded, Borel measurable and  $\sigma : \mathbb{R}^d \times [0, \infty) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{d^2}$  be bounded and uniformly Lipschitz. Suppose further there exists  $\lambda > 0$  such that for all  $t \geq 0$  and  $x, y \in \mathbb{R}^d$  we have

$$\sum_{i,j,k} \sigma_t^{(i,k)}(x) \sigma_t^{(j,k)}(x) y^{(i)} y^{(j)} = |\sigma_t(x)^* y|^2 \geq \lambda |y|^2.$$

Then prove weak existence and uniqueness for the SDE

$$dX_t = b_t(X_t) dt + \sigma_t(X_t) dW_t$$

for any given initial distribution  $\mu$ .

2. Let  $b, \sigma$  be uniformly Lipschitz functions on  $\mathbb{R}^d$ , and  $X$  be the (unique, strong) solution of the SDE  $dX_t = b(X_t) dt + \sigma(X_t) dW_t$  with initial data  $X_0 = x$ .
  - (a) Show that  $\lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{1}{t} E(X_t - x) = b(x)$  and  $\lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{1}{t} E(X_t^{(i)} - x^{(i)})(X_t^{(j)} - x^{(j)}) = \sum_k \sigma_{ik}(x) \sigma_{jk}(x)$ .
  - (b) Show that for all  $\varepsilon > 0$ ,  $\lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{1}{t} P(|X_t - x| > \varepsilon) = 0$ .
3. Let  $X$  be a  $d$ -dimensional diffusion satisfying the SDE

$$dX_t = b(X_t) dt + \sigma(X_t) dW_t,$$

where  $b$  and  $\sigma$  are time independent and Lipschitz. Let  $D \subseteq \mathbb{R}^d$  be a domain, and  $\tau$  be the exit time of  $X$  from  $D$ . Suppose

$$u \in C^{2,1}(D \times (0, \infty)) \cap C(\bar{D} \times (0, \infty)) \cap C(D \times [0, \infty))$$

satisfies

$$\partial_t u - Lu = 0 \quad \text{in } D, \quad u(x, 0) = 1 \quad \text{in } D, \quad u(x, t) = 0 \quad \text{on } \partial D \times (0, \infty),$$

where  $L = \sum_i b_i \partial_i + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i,j} a_{i,j} \partial_i \partial_j$ , and  $a_{i,j} = \sum_k \sigma_{i,k} \sigma_{j,k}$ . Show that  $u(x, t) = P^x(\tau \geq t)$ .