Test 1 July 14

## Name:

1. Evaluate each of the following integrals. If any of them are divergent, show why.

(a)

 $\int \csc^6 x \ dx$ 

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - 9}}{x^3} \, dx$$

(b)

$$\int_0^3 \frac{dx}{x^2 - x - 2}$$

(c)

 $\int_2^6 \frac{y}{\sqrt{y-2}} \, dy$ 

(d)

2. Find the arc length of the curve  $y = \ln(\sec x)$ , where  $0 \le x \le \pi/4$ 

3. Find the area of the surface obtained by rotating the curve  $y=1-x^2, 0\leq x\leq 1$  about the x-axis.

4. For which values of p does the following integral converge? Evaluate the integral for those values.

$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{\ln x}{x^p} \, dx$$

5. (a) Write the approximations  $L_4$ ,  $M_4$ , and  $S_4$  for

$$\int_0^1 e^{-x^2/2} \, dx$$

Do not evaluate.

- (b) Is  $L_4$  an over-estimate or under-estimate for the integral? Explain.
- (c) How large must n be to guarantee  $M_n$  is within  $10^{-5}$  of the true value?