## 15-151 Homework 6

Please submit in class at 8:00am on Tuesday 25th July

## Exercises

1. Let  $S : \mathbb{Z} \to \mathcal{P}(\mathbb{Z})$  be any function, and define a subset  $B \subseteq \mathbb{Z}$  by

$$B = \{ n \in \mathbb{Z} \mid n \notin S(n) \}$$

Prove that there is no  $k \in \mathbb{Z}$  such that B = S(k).

*Hint:* suppose B = S(k) for some  $k \in \mathbb{Z}$ , and consider whether  $k \in B$ . [6 points]

2. Let A, B, X be sets such that  $A \cap B = \emptyset$ , and let  $f : A \to X$  and  $g : B \to X$  be functions. Define  $h : A \cup B \to X$  by letting

$$h(t) = \begin{cases} f(t) & \text{if } t \in A \\ g(t) & \text{if } t \in B \end{cases}$$

Prove that  $\operatorname{Gr}(h) = \operatorname{Gr}(f) \cup \operatorname{Gr}(g)$ .

3. Use the Euclidean algorithm to compute the greatest common divisors of the following pairs of integers:

(42, 30) (363, 154) (8085, 3094)

Include the steps of the computation in your written solution.

- 4. For each  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ , let  $D_n \subseteq \mathbb{Z}$  be the set of divisors of n. Prove that  $D_a \cap D_b = D_{\text{gcd}(a,b)}$  for all  $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}$ . [7 points]
- 5. Let  $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}$  and suppose that  $d_1$  and  $d_2$  are greatest common divisors of a and b. Prove that either  $d_1 = d_2$  or  $d_1 = -d_2$ . [7 points]

[6 points]

[9 points]