# Department of Mathematical Sciences Carnegie Mellon University <br> 21-393 Operations Research II <br> Test 1 

Name:

| Problem | Points | Score |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 40 |  |
| 2 | 40 |  |
| 3 | 20 |  |
| Total | 100 |  |

## Q1: (40pts)

(a) Find a minimum weight spanning tree in the graph below:


Mark your tree on the diagram.
(b) Find a shotest path from vertex $a$ to vertex $f$ in the graph below, using Dijkstra's algorithm:


Mark your path on the diagram.
(c) Consider the assigment problem defined by the matrix below. You are told that

$$
u_{1}=-1, u_{2}=0, u_{3}=-2, u_{4}=0, v_{1}=2, v_{2}=2, v_{3}=4, v_{4}=2
$$

is an optimal dual solution. Find an optimal assignment and use complementary slackness to show its optimality.
(You can find the assignment by trial and error if needed).

$$
\left[\begin{array}{llll}
1 & 4 & 3 & 5 \\
3 & 2 & 5 & 2 \\
4 & 1 & 2 & 6 \\
2 & 2 & 4 & 6
\end{array}\right]
$$

Q2: (40pts) Find the optimal ordering strategy for the following inventory system. If you order an amount $Q$, it arrives immediately and the cost of the order is $A Q^{\alpha}$ for some $0<\alpha<1$. The inventory cost is $I$ times $M^{\beta}$ per period, for some $\beta>0$, where $M$ is the average inventory. The demand is $\lambda$ units per period and no stock-outs are allowed.

Q3: (20pts) A project manager ina company is considering a portfolio of 10 large capital project investments. These investments differ in the estimated long-run profit they will generate as well in the amount of capital required. Let $P_{j}$ and $C_{j}$ denote the estimated profit and capital required for investment opportunity $j=1,2, \ldots, 10$. The total amount of capital available for these investments is $Q$.
Investment opportunities 3 and 4 are mutually exclusive and so are 5 and 6 . Furthermore, neither 5 nor 6 can be undertaken unless at least one of 3 or 4 is undertaken. At least 2 out and at most 4 investment opportunities have to be undertaken from the set $\{1,2,7,8,9,10\}$.
The project manager wishes to select the combination of capital investments that will maximise the total esimated long-run profit subject to the restrictions described above.
Formulate this as an integer programing problem.

