# Department of Mathematical Sciences Carnegie Mellon University <br> 21-393 Operations Research II <br> Test 1 

Name:

| Problem | Points | Score |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 40 |  |
| 2 | 40 |  |
| 3 | 20 |  |
| Total | 100 |  |

Q1: (40pts)
(a) Fill in the last column of the table below for solving the following knapsack problem:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \operatorname{maximise} 3 x_{1}+7 x_{2}+17 x_{3} \\
& \text { subject to } \\
& \\
& \\
& 2 x_{1}+3 x_{2}+6 x_{3} \leq 10
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
x_{1}, x_{2}, x_{3} \geq 0 \text { and integer. }
$$

What is the optimal solution?

| $w$ | $f_{1}\left(x_{1}\right)$ | $b_{1}$ | $f_{2}\left(x_{2}\right)$ | $b_{2}$ | $f_{3}\left(x_{3}\right)$ | $b_{3}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 0 |  |  |
| 3 | 3 | 1 | 7 | 1 |  |  |
| 4 | 6 | 1 | 7 | 1 |  |  |
| 5 | 6 | 1 | 10 | 1 |  |  |
| 6 | 9 | 1 | 14 | 1 |  |  |
| 7 | 9 | 1 | 14 | 1 |  |  |
| 8 | 12 | 1 | 17 | 1 |  |  |
| 9 | 12 | 1 | 21 | 1 |  |  |
| 10 | 15 | 1 | 21 | 1 |  |  |

## Q2: (30pts)

A factory uses a single machine to manufacture two distinct products $A$ and $B$. It costs $c_{A}(x)$ to make $x$ units of $A$ and $c_{B}(x)$ to manufacture $x$ units of $B$. The demand for $A$ in period $j$ is $d_{j}(A)$ and the demand for $B$ in period $j$ is $d_{j}(B)$. If the factory makes a positive amount of both $A$ and $B$ in a period, then there is an extra changeover cost of $K$ for that period. The factory can store at most $H$ of each product. Demand must be met in the period that it occurs, either from inventory or from production that period.
Design a dynamic programming algorithm for finding the cheapest way of meeting demand for the next $n$ periods.

## Q3: (30pts)

Formulate the following problem as an integer program.
The sales area of a company is divided up into $n$ sub-divisions $A_{1}, A_{2}, \ldots, A_{n}$. The company has $N$ sales people altogether. Each salesperson allocated to $A_{j}$ is expected to generate $r_{j}$ dollars in revenue, but is expected to cost $s_{j}$ dollars in expenses. There are at most $S$ dollars available for expenses in the period under discussion. Sub-division $A_{j}$ must be allocated at least $L_{j}$ salespeople. What allocation of salespeople to districts will maximise total profit i.e. total revenue less total expenses.

