Department of Mathematical Sciences CARNEGIE MELLON UNIVERSITY

OPERATIONS RESEARCH II 21-393

Homework 1: Due Wednesday September 11.

Q1 Solve the following knapsack problem:

maximise $4x_1 + 8x_2 + 15x_3$ subject to $3x_1 + 4x_2 + 5x_3 \leq 19$ $x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$ and integer.

Q2 An $m \times n$ rectangle of wood is to be cut into smaller rectangles. An $a \times b$ rectangle is worth $m_{a,b}$. The machine that cuts rectangles can only cut full length or full width. I.e. if after cutting there is an $x \times y$ rectangle then the machine can cut it into two rectangles $z \times y$ and $(x - z) \times y$ for some z or into two rectangles $x \times z$ and $x \times y - z$.

Describe a dynamic programming algorithm for finding the way of cutting into pieces that maximises the total value of the rectangles produced.

Q3 We are given 2n sets D_1, D_2, \ldots, D_n and R_1, R_2, \ldots, R_n where n is even. Also, $|D_i| + |R_i| = m$ for $i = 1, 2, \ldots, n$. Find an algorithm that will check to see if the following is possible: Find a set $I \subseteq [n], |I| = n/2$ such that

$$\sum_{i \in I} |D_i| \ge \sum_{i \in I} |R_i| \text{ and } \sum_{i \notin I} |D_i| \ge \sum_{i \notin I} |R_i|.$$

Your algorithm should run in time polynomial in m, n. **Hint:** For $I \subseteq [n]$ let $D_I = \sum_{i \in I} |D_i|$ and $R_I = \sum_{i \in I} |R_i|$. Then let

$$f_{k,\ell}(a,b,c,d) = \begin{cases} 1 & \exists I \subseteq [k] : |I| = \ell \text{ and } D_I = a, D_{[k] \setminus I} = b, R_I = c, R_{[k] \setminus I} = d \\ 0 & otherwise \end{cases}$$

Solve the problem by establishing a recurrence for f.