

# Putnam $\Sigma.11$

Po-Shen Loh

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## 1 Problems

**Putnam 2013/A4.** A finite collection of digits 0 and 1 is written around a circle. An *arc* of length  $L \geq 0$  consists of  $L$  consecutive digits around the circle. For each arc  $w$ , let  $Z(w)$  and  $N(w)$  denote the number of 0's in  $w$  and the number of 1's in  $w$ , respectively. Assume that  $|Z(w) - Z(w')| \leq 1$  for any two arcs  $w, w'$  of the same length. Suppose that some arcs  $w_1, \dots, w_k$  have the property that

$$Z = \frac{1}{k} \sum_{j=1}^k Z(w_j) \text{ and } N = \frac{1}{k} \sum_{j=1}^k N(w_j)$$

are both integers. Prove that there exists an arc  $w$  with  $Z(w) = Z$  and  $N(w) = N$ .

**Putnam 2013/A5.** For  $m \geq 3$ , a list of  $\binom{m}{3}$  real numbers  $a_{ijk}$  ( $1 \leq i < j < k \leq m$ ) is said to be *area definite* for  $\mathbb{R}^n$  if the inequality

$$\sum_{1 \leq i < j < k \leq m} a_{ijk} \cdot \text{Area}(\Delta A_i A_j A_k) \geq 0$$

holds for every choice of  $m$  points  $A_1, \dots, A_m$  in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ . For example, the list of four numbers  $a_{123} = a_{124} = a_{134} = 1, a_{234} = -1$  is area definite for  $\mathbb{R}^2$ . Prove that if a list of  $\binom{m}{3}$  numbers is area definite for  $\mathbb{R}^2$ , then it is area definite for  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .

**Putnam 2013/A6.** Define a function  $w : \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$  as follows. For  $|a|, |b| \leq 2$ , let  $w(a, b)$  be as in the table shown; otherwise, let  $w(a, b) = 0$ .

$w(a, b)$	$b$					
	-2	-1	0	1	2	
$a$	-2	-1	-2	2	-2	-1
	-1	-2	4	-4	4	-2
	0	2	-4	12	-4	2
	1	-2	4	-4	4	-2
	2	-1	-2	2	-2	-1

For every finite subset  $S$  of  $\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}$ , define

$$A(S) = \sum_{(\mathbf{s}, \mathbf{s}') \in S \times S} w(\mathbf{s} - \mathbf{s}').$$

Prove that if  $S$  is any finite nonempty subset of  $\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}$ , then  $A(S) > 0$ . (For example, if  $S = \{(0, 1), (0, 2), (2, 0), (3, 1)\}$ , then the terms in  $A(S)$  are 12, 12, 12, 12, 4, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, -1, -1, -2, -2, -4, -4.)