Probability 21-325 Homework 9 (due 11th April)

- **1.** Show that if for every $\delta > 0$ we have $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \mathbb{P}(|X_n X| > \delta) < \infty$, then $X_n \xrightarrow[n \to \infty]{a.s.} X$.
- **2.** Show that if there is a sequence of positive numbers δ_n convergent to 0 such that $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \mathbb{P}(|X_n X| > \delta_n) < \infty$, then $X_n \xrightarrow[n \to \infty]{a.s.} X$.
- **3.** Let X_1, X_2, \ldots be i.i.d. random variables such that $\mathbb{P}(|X_i| < 1) = 1$. Show that $X_1 X_2 \cdots X_n$ converges to 0 a.s. and in L_1 .
- **4.** Let X_1, X_2, \ldots be i.i.d. random variables with density g which is positive. Show that for every continuous function f such that $\int_{\mathbb{R}} |f| < \infty$, we have $\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{f(X_i)}{g(X_i)} \xrightarrow[n \to \infty]{} \int_{\mathbb{R}} f$. (This provides a method of numerical integration.)
- **5.** Let X_1, X_2, \ldots be i.i.d. random variables such that $\mathbb{P}(X_i = 1) = p = 1 \mathbb{P}(X_i = -1)$ with $\frac{1}{2} . Let <math>S_n = X_1 + \ldots + X_n$ (a random walk with a drift to the right). Show that $S_n \xrightarrow[n \to \infty]{} \infty$.
- 6. Find $\lim_{n\to\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \int_0^1 \dots \int_0^1 \sqrt{x_1^2 + \dots + x_n^2} dx_1 \dots dx_n$ (or show the limit does not exist).
- 7. Let f be a continuous function on [0, 1]. Find $\lim_{n\to\infty} \int_0^1 \dots \int_0^1 f(\sqrt[n]{x_1 \dots x_n}) dx_1 \dots dx_n$ (or show it does not exist).
- 8. Let X_1, X_2, \ldots be i.i.d. random variables such that $\mathbb{E}X_i^- < \infty$ and $\mathbb{E}X_i^+ = +\infty$. Show that $\frac{X_1 + \ldots + X_n}{n}$ tends to ∞ a.s.