21-228 Discrete MathematicsAssignment # 5Due: Friday, March 15

1. Let the sequence  $a_0, a_1, \ldots$  be defined by  $a_0 = 2, a_1 = 8$  and  $a_i = \sqrt{a_{i-1}a_{i-2}}$  for  $i \ge 2$ . Determine  $\lim_{n\to\infty} a_n$ .

Hint: This is a generating functions question.

- 2. Prove that any edge coloring of the edge set of  $K_{17}$  with the colors Red, Blue and Green has a monochromatic triangle.
- 3. Let  $k \ge 3$  and  $n = (k 1)^2$ . Give an explicit 2-coloring of the edges of  $K_n$  that does not have a monochromatic  $K_k$ .
- 4. Prove R(3,5) > 11. Hint: Modify the argument that we used to show R(3,4) > 8.
- 5. We say that a pair of events A, B in a probability space are **independent** if

$$\mathbb{P}(A \cap B) = \mathbb{P}(A)\mathbb{P}(B).$$

- (a) Let A and B be independent events in a probability space defined on the set  $\Omega$ . Prove that  $\overline{A} = \Omega \setminus A$  and  $\overline{B} = \Omega \setminus B$  are independent events.
- (b) Define a probability space with three events A, B, C with the following properties:
  - i. A and B are independent events,
  - ii. A and C are independent events,
  - iii. B and C are independent events, but
  - iv.  $\mathbb{P}(A \cap B \cap C) \neq \mathbb{P}(A)\mathbb{P}(B)\mathbb{P}(C)$ .
- 6. A women walks randomly on the n × n grid {(x, y) : x, y ∈ {1,...,n}} starting at the point (1, 1) (i.e. the lower left corner). Each minute the women moves either to the right or up (i.e. a move of the form (a, b) → (a + 1, b) or a move of the form (a, b) → (a, b + 1)). Her walk ends when she reaches the upper right corner, the point (n, n). At each stage in which the woman has a choice of 2 moves she flips a fair coin to determine her next move. (If the woman is on the right edge (i.e. (x, y) such that x = n) she automatically moves up and if she is on the top edge (i.e. (x, y) such that y = n) she automatically moves right.) Define a probability space that describes this random walk. What is the probability that the woman reaches the top row of the grid before reaching (n, n)? Explain your answer.