4. Calculus

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1 Well-known statements

Gaussian. $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-x^2} = \sqrt{\pi}.$

- Archimedes' Principle. If you take a (perfectly spherical) orange, and slice it with a bagel slicer (with blades 2 cm apart), where both blades cut the orange, the surface area of peel you obtain is exactly the same no matter where along the orange you slice.
- Volume of torus. The volume of a torus is $(\pi r^2)(2\pi R)$, where r is the radius of the circular cross section, and R is the distance from the center of the torus to the center of a circular cross section.

2 Problems

- 1. Determine f'(x), if $f(x) = \left[\int_0^{x^2} e^{-x^2}\right]^2$.
- 2. Let C be the unit circle $x^2 + y^2 = 1$. A point P is chosen randomly on the circumference C and another point Q is chosen randomly from the interior of C (these points are chosen independently and uniformly over their domains). Let R be the rectangle with sides parallel to the x and y-axes with diagonal PQ. What is the probability that no point of R lies outside of C?
- 3. Find all real functions f for which $\int_0^x f(t)dt = \frac{1}{2}xf(x)$.
- 4. Suppose that $f:[0,1] \to \mathbb{R}$ has a continuous derivative and that $\int_0^1 f(x) dx = 0$. Prove that for every $\alpha \in (0,1)$,

$$\left| \int_0^\alpha f(x) dx \right| \le \frac{1}{8} \max_{0 \le x \le 1} |f'(x)|.$$

5. Find the volume of the region of points (x, y, z) such that

$$(x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 8)^2 \le 36(x^2 + y^2).$$

6. Let P be a convex polygon, let Q be the interior of P, and let $S = P \cup Q$. Let p be the perimeter of P and let A be its area. Given any point (x, y), let d(x, y) be the distance from (x, y) to the nearest point of S. Find constants α , β , and γ such that

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-d(x,y)} dx dy = \alpha + \beta p + \gamma A.$$

7. Evaluate

$$\int_0^\infty t^{-1/2} e^{-1985(t+t^{-1})} dt$$

8. Let V be the pyramidal region $x,y,z\geq 0,\,x+y+z\leq 1.$ Evaluate

$$\int_V xy^9 z^8 (1-x-y-z)^4 dx dy dz.$$

9. Find all continuous functions $f : [0, \infty) \to \mathbb{R}$ such that (i) for every x > 0, f(x) > 0, and (ii) for all a > 0, the centroid of the region under the curve y = f(x) between $0 \le x \le a$ has y-coordinate equal to the average value of f(x) on [0, a].

3 Homework

Please write up solutions to two of the problems, to turn in at next week's meeting. One of them may be a problem that we discussed in class. You are encouraged to collaborate with each other. Even if you do not solve a problem, please spend two hours thinking, and submit a list of your ideas.