

1. **[Exercise 4.4]** Let (Ω, \mathbb{P}) be a finite probability space and let $X : \Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a random variable. Assume that $\mathbb{P}(\omega) > 0$ for all $\omega \in \Omega$. Show that if $\text{Var}(X) = 0$ then X is constant, i.e. there exists $c \in \mathbb{R}$ such that $X(\omega) = c$ for all $\omega \in \Omega$.

2. **[Exercise 4.5]**

3. **[Exercise 4.6]**

4. **[Exercise 4.9]** Let (Ω, \mathbb{P}) be a finite probability space and let $X, Y : \Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be random variables. Show that

$$|\text{Cov}(X, Y)| \leq \text{Sd}(X)\text{Sd}(Y).$$

Suggestion: Assume first that $\text{Var}(X) > 0$. Let $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}$ be an arbitrary constant. Expand out

$$\text{Var}(Y - \lambda X)$$

and notice that this quantity must be greater than or equal to zero. Then set

$$\lambda = \frac{\text{Cov}(X, Y)}{\text{Var}(X)}.$$

To complete the proof, show that if $\text{Var}(X) = 0$, then $\text{Cov}(X, Y) = 0$.

5. **[Exercise 5.4]**

6. **[Exercise 5.7]**