## 880 Stochastic Calculus: Final.

Dec  $11^{\rm th}$ , 2013

- This is a closed book test. No calculators or computational aids are allowed.
- You have 3 hours. The exam has a total of 7 questions and 35 points.
- You may use any result from class or homework **PROVIDED** it is independent of the problem you want to use the result in. (You must also **CLEARLY** state the result you are using.)
- The questions are ROUGHLY in order of length / difficulty, and not in the order the material was covered. However, depending on your intuition, you might find a few of the later questions easier. Good luck!

In this exam,  $\Omega$  always denotes a probability space, with measure P. Brownian motion will usually be denoted by W or B, and the underlying filtration (if not explicitly mentioned) is denoted by  $\mathcal{F} = \{\mathcal{F}_t\}_{t\geq 0}$ , and is always assumed to satisfy the usual conditions.

5 1. Let W be a 1-dimensional Brownian motion. True or false:

There exists a continuous martingale M and a continuous increasing process A so that |W| = M + A.

If yes, find M and A explicitly. If no, prove they don't exist.

5 2. Let M be a continuous local martingale. Suppose further  $E\langle M \rangle_t^2 < \infty$  for all  $t \ge 0$ . True or false:

The process M is necessarily a martingale.

Prove it, or find a counter example.

5 3. Let M be a continuous local martingale. Suppose further  $EM_t^2 < \infty$  for all  $t \ge 0$ . True or false:

The process M is necessarily a martingale.

Prove it, or find a counter example.

5 4. Let X be a d-dimensional diffusion with drift b and diffusion matrix  $\sigma$  (i.e.  $X_t = x + \int_0^t b(X_s) ds + \int_0^t \sigma(X_s) dW_s$ , with  $b, \sigma$  globally Lipshitz). Let  $D \subseteq \mathbb{R}^d$  be a bounded smooth domain and define

$$u(x) = E^x \int_0^\tau e^{-\lambda s} ds$$
, where  $\lambda > 0$  is deterministic, and  $\tau = \inf\{t \ge 0 \mid X_t \notin D\}$ .

If  $u \in C^2(D) \cap C(\overline{D})$ , find a PDE and boundary conditions satisfied by u. [HINT: You know from your homework / class a PDE and boundary conditions for the function  $v(x,t) = P^x(\tau \ge t)$ . Feel free to assume that v is  $C^2(D \times [0,\infty))$  and  $v \in C_b(D \times (0,\infty))$  (and decays as  $t \to \infty$ ).]

5 5. True or false:

The limit 
$$\lim_{t \to 1^-} (1-t) \int_0^t \frac{1}{1-s} dW_s$$
 exists almost surely.

Prove your answer. [This is a crucial step used to solve a question on your homework; please provide a complete proof and not simply say "done on homework".]

- 5 6. Is the augmented filtration of Brownian motion is right continuous? Prove or disprove it. [This follows immediately from question on your homework; please provide a complete proof and not simply say "follows from homework".]
- 5 7. Let d > 1, and W be a standard d-dimensional Brownian motion. Let R = |W|. Find a Brownian motion B, and functions  $b, \sigma$  such that

$$dR_t = b_t(R_t) \, dt + \sigma_t(R_t) \, dB_t.$$

Prove it. [This follows immediately from question on your homework; please provide a complete proof and not simply say "follows from homework". Since the proof of this is long, I will not penalize you for omitting the proofs of certain technical Lemmas *provided* your solution to this (and the other problems) convinces me that you will be able to prove these lemmas "cold" if asked.]