

Due Wednesday May 2:

- **P1:** (RS VI.20) Let X be a reflexive Banach space and let $T : X \rightarrow X$ be a bounded linear operator. Suppose that for every weakly convergent sequence $\{x_n\}$, the sequence $\{Tx_n\}$ converges in norm. Prove that T is compact.
- **P2:** (RS VI.43) Let M and N be subspaces of a Banach space X such that $M + N = X$ and $M \cap N = \{0\}$. Let P be the projection of X onto M . Prove that P is bounded if and only if both M and N are closed.
- **P3:** Suppose \mathcal{H} is a separable Hilbert space, $A \in \mathcal{L}(\mathcal{H})$ is compact, and a sequence $\{B_n\}$ in $\mathcal{L}(\mathcal{H})$ converges strongly to B . Provide a counterexample showing that $\|AB_n - AB\| \rightarrow 0$ as $n \rightarrow \infty$ does not necessarily follow.
- **P4:** Let \mathcal{H} be a Hilbert space, and $A \in \mathcal{L}(\mathcal{H})$. We say that a complex number λ lies in the *essential spectrum* of A if there exists an orthonormal sequence $\{u_n\}$ such that $\|(\lambda I - A)u_n\| \rightarrow 0$. Suppose that λ lies in the essential spectrum of A and that $B \in \mathcal{L}(\mathcal{H})$ is a compact operator. Show that λ lies in the essential spectrum of $A + B$.