

21-131 Assignment 10: due Tuesday November 11

**10.1–3.** From Apostol page 139, do problems 27, 29, 33bc

**10.4–6.** From Apostol page 142, do problems 17, 19, 23

**10.7.** Suppose  $f_1$  and  $f_2$  are functions defined on  $\mathbb{R}$ , and suppose that  $f_1$  is  $L_1$ -continuous and  $f_2$  is  $L_2$ -continuous, where  $L_1, L_2 \geq 0$ . Prove that  $f_2 \circ f_1$  is  $L$ -continuous with  $L = L_1L_2$ .

**10.8.** A point  $p$  is called a *fixed point* of a function  $f$  if and only if  $p = f(p)$ . Suppose that  $f$  is  $L$ -continuous on  $\mathbb{R}$  for some number  $L \in [0, 1)$ . Show that  $f$  cannot have two different fixed points.

**10.E1.** Bonus problem: Consider the “ $\mathbb{Q}$ -staircase function” from Assignment 4:

$$f(x) = \sup_n \sum_{k=1}^n \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^k H(x - r_k),$$

where  $r_1, r_2, \dots$  is a list of all rational numbers. Show that  $f$  is continuous at  $p$  for all *irrational* numbers  $p$ .