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For any $x \in X$

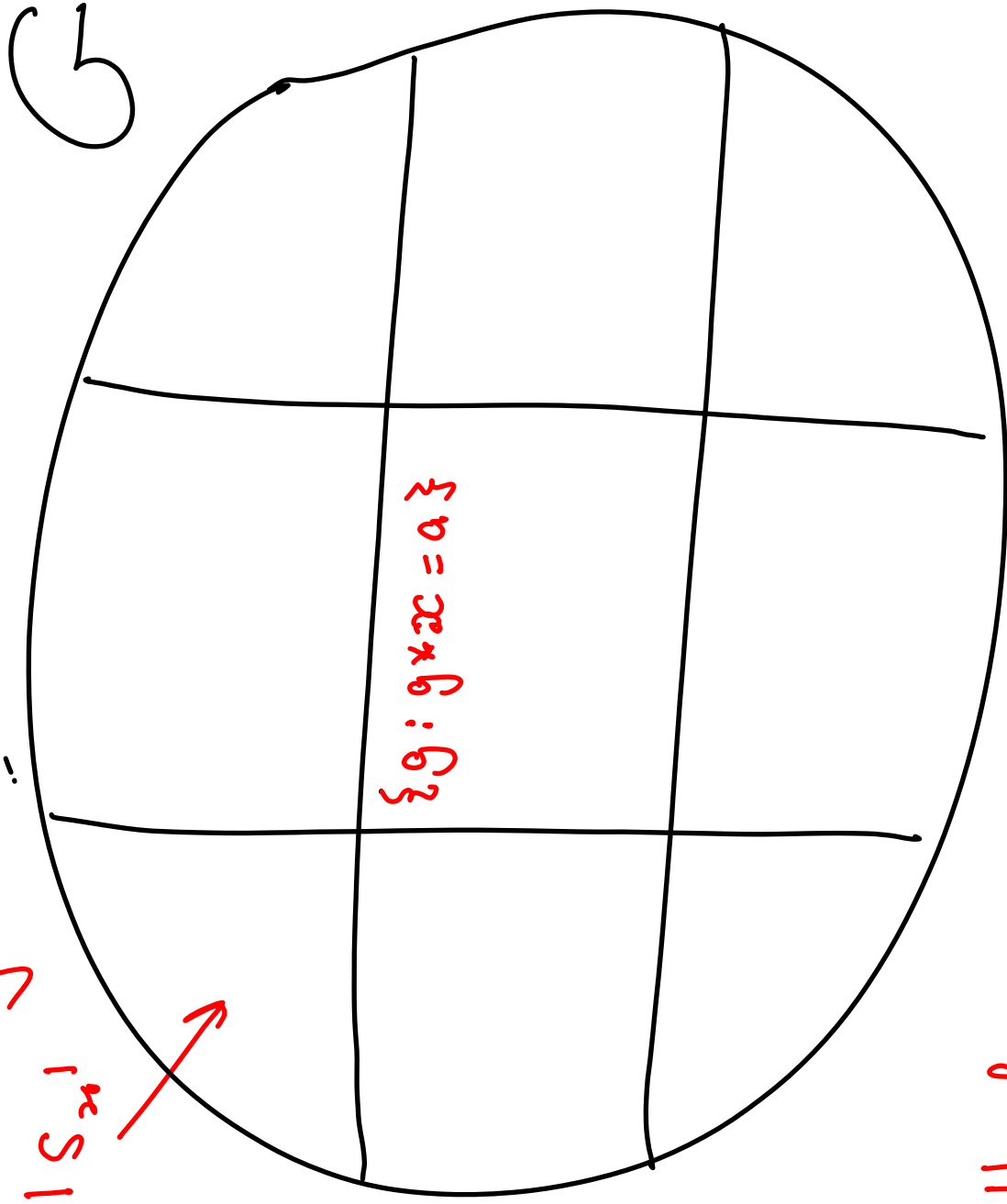
$$|O_x| |S_x| = |G|.$$

For $x \in X$

Define equivalence relation \sim on G

for $g \sim h$ iff $g * x = h * x$

Each class is of
size $|S_{20}|$



eg: $g \cdot x = a_3$

of equivalence classes = $|G| = 6$

How many g_i 's make $g * x = a$

Fix one of them g_1

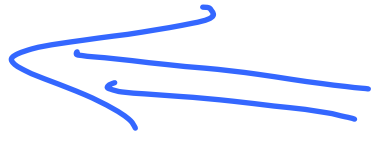
$$g_1 * x = a$$

$$g_2 \in g_1^{-1} a$$

$$g_2 \in g_1^{-1} a \in S_x$$

$$[g_1 * x = a]$$

$$x = g_1^{-1} * a$$

$$(g_1^{-1} * g_2) * x = g_1^{-1} * (g_2 * x) = x$$


$$[g_2 \in g_1^{-1} a]$$

$\{g: g*x = a\}$
 g_1

$$(i) \quad g_2 \in S_n \Rightarrow g_2 \in g_1 \circ S_n$$

(ii) Suppose $h = g_1 \circ s$ where $s \in S_n$

$$h*x = (g_1 \circ s)*x = g_1*(s*x) = g_1*a = a$$

$$(iii) \quad s_1 s_2 \in S_n \quad \& \quad g_1 \circ s_1 = g_1 \circ s_2 \Rightarrow s_1 = s_2.$$

Theorem

$$|O_n| |S_n| = |G|$$

$$\# \text{ orbits} = \sum_{x \in X} \frac{1}{|O_x|}$$

$$= \sum_{x \in X} \frac{|S_n|}{|G|}$$

$$= \frac{1}{|G|} \sum_{x \in X} |S_n|$$

$$\left[\begin{aligned} & \{1, 2, 3, \dots, 10\} \\ &= \{1, 2, 3\} \\ &\cup \{4, 5\} \\ &\cup \{6, 7, 8, 9\} \\ &\cup \{10\} \\ &\sum_{x \in X} = \\ & \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \\ &= 4 \end{aligned} \right]$$

$$F_{ux}(g) = \{ x : g * x = x \}$$

$g \in G$.

$$\# \text{ orbits} = \frac{1}{|G|} \sum_{g \in G} |F_{ux}(g)|$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{c} g \\ \downarrow_{g * x = x} \\ x \end{array} \right] \quad \left[\begin{array}{c} \# \text{'s in row } x = |S_x| \end{array} \right]$$

#'s in
column
 $\Rightarrow |F_{ux}(g)|$