

21-241

Lec 32

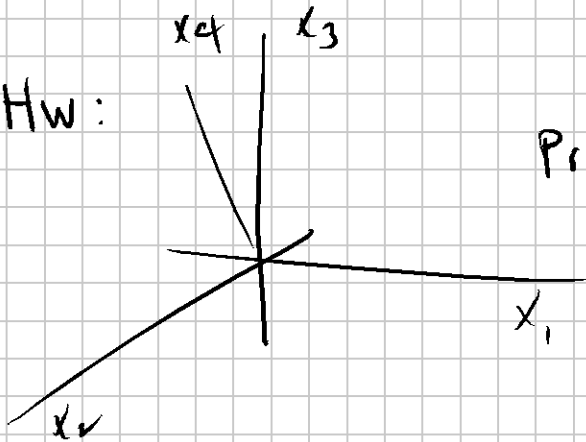
Matrix Algebra &

Note Title

11/17/2003

Combinatorics!

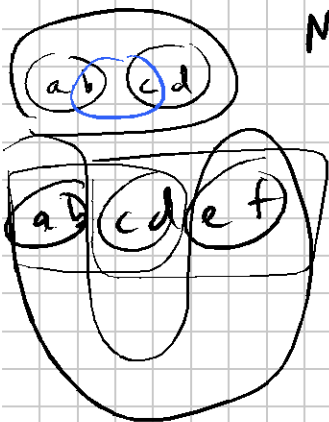
In HW:



Project.

Evens Town: Population: 34

Make clubs:



a) Each club has even # of members

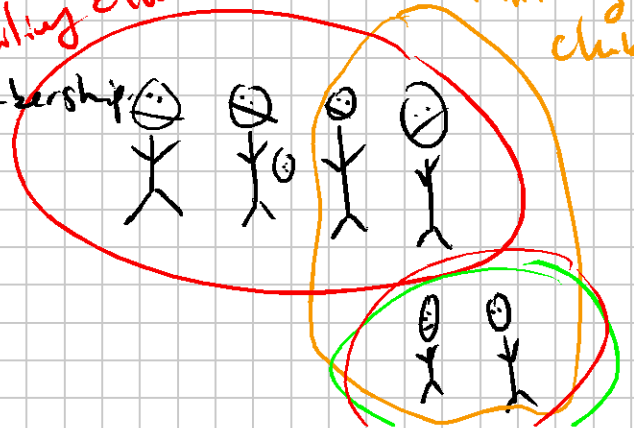
b) Each pair of clubs has even sized intersection

c) No clubs have

exactly same membership

Bowling club

Knitting club



How many clubs?

= 17 if pairs are each in 1 club
more

Out of 34 people, make 17 pairs of people. "friends"

If person a is in club, then a 's friend is also.

$(a) (b) (c) (d)$
1 0 0/1

$(a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f)$

$$2^{17} - 1 = 131,071 \text{ clubs}$$

Olds Town:

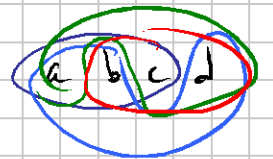
- Each club has an odd # of members
 - Each pair has an even # of common members
 - No duplicates.
-

How many clubs?

One club w/ 33 people, one club with other guy

At least 2 ...

Groups of 2:



gets 12 clubs, but can't build ...

Groups of 1: $(a) (b) (c) (d) \dots (e)$

gets 34 clubs.

Groups of 33: Club i has everyone but person i as members.

(Note: intersection size is 32 ← even)

also gets only 34 clubs.

Claim: Oddstown has at most 34 clubs.

Pf: Suppose the clubs are C_1, C_2, \dots, C_m .

Consider the "incidence" vector

$$\vec{v}_i(j) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } j \notin C_i \\ 1 & \text{if } j \in C_i \end{cases}$$

(i.e. $\vec{v}_i = \begin{bmatrix} v_i(1) \\ v_i(2) \\ \vdots \\ v_i(34) \end{bmatrix}$)

$$\{\vec{v}_1, \vec{v}_2, \dots, \vec{v}_m\} \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_2^{34}$$

Lowest budget field (integers mod 2)

in \mathbb{Z}_2 : $1+1=0$ $0+0=0$
only numbers are $\{0, 1\}$. $0+1=1+0=1$

$$1+1 \equiv 0 \pmod{2}$$

$\frac{1}{1} = 1$, $\frac{0}{0} = 0$.
→ Division works right.

Claim: $\{\vec{v}_1, \vec{v}_2, \dots, \vec{v}_m\}$ are linearly independent

Pf: Suppose

$$d_1 \vec{v}_1 + d_2 \vec{v}_2 + \dots + d_m \vec{v}_m = \vec{0}$$

then

$$\vec{v}_1 \cdot (d_1 \vec{v}_1 + d_2 \vec{v}_2 + \dots + d_m \vec{v}_m) = \vec{v}_1 \cdot \vec{0} = 0.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{v}_1 \cdot \vec{v}_1 &\equiv |C_1| \pmod{2} \\ &\equiv 1 \pmod{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{v}_1 \cdot \vec{v}_2 &\equiv |C_1 \cap C_2| \pmod{2} \\ &\equiv 0 \pmod{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$d_1(1) + d_2(0) + \dots + d_m(0) = 0$$

$$d_1 = 0.$$

$$[1] \cdot [1] = 1+1 = 0$$

By same argument, $d_2 = \dots = d_m = 0.$

$\{\vec{v}_1, \dots, \vec{v}_m\}$ are lin. indep.

Span $\{\vec{v}_1, \dots, \vec{v}_m\}$ is some m -dimensional space.

But \mathbb{Z}_2^{34} , which is 34-dim.

$$So \quad m \leq 34.$$