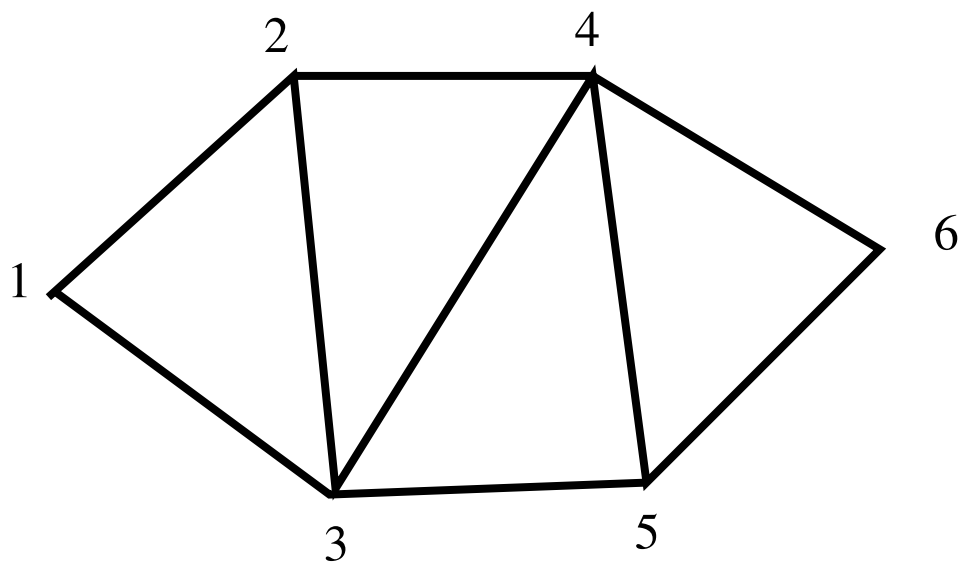


**Department of Mathematical Sciences**  
**Carnegie Mellon University**  
21-393 Operations Research II  
Test 2

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Problem	Points	Score
1	40	
2	40	
3	20	
Total	100	



**Q1: (40pts)**

Find a shortest path from vertex 1 to vertex 6 in the digraph above. The numbering of the vertices is such that every arc  $(i, j)$  is oriented from  $i$  to  $j$  when  $i < j$ . The arc lengths are time dependent: associated with arc  $e = (i, j)$  there are two numbers,  $a_e, b_e$  such that the arc length of  $e$  is  $a_e + b_e t$  where  $t$  is the time of arrival at  $i$ . The values of  $a_e, b_e$  are given in the following table:

$e$	(1,2)	(1,3)	(2,3)	(2,4)	(3,4)	(3,5)	(4,5)	(4,6)	(5,6)
$a_e$	3	4	2	5	1	3	3	4	5
$b_e$	2	1	3	4	1	2	1	1	3

You can put your working on the diagram.

**Q2: (40pts)** Given that assigning person  $i$  to job  $i$  for  $i = 1, 2, 3$  is optimal for the  $3 \times 3$  problem associated with the first 3 rows and columns of the matrix below, set up and solve a shortest path problem that will solve the  $4 \times 4$  problem:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 & 2 & 4 \\ 3 & 0 & 6 & 2 \\ 3 & 5 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 5 & 6 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

**Q3: (20pts)**

Formulate the following problem as an integer program: A set of  $n$  items are to be repaired in a factory. Item  $i$  takes time  $t_i$  to repair and requires  $w_i$  workers working continuously. It arrives at time  $a_i$  and it must be finished by time  $d_i$ . The problem is to find a repair schedule that minimises the total number of workers needed. (When a worker has finished working on one job, he/she can work on another job).