

Department of Mathematical Sciences
Carnegie Mellon University
21-393 Operations Research II
Test 1

Name: _____

| Problem | Points | Score |
|---------|--------|-------|
| 1 | 33 | |
| 2 | 33 | |
| 3 | 34 | |
| Total | 100 | |

Q1: (33pts)

(a) Solve the following knapsack problem, writing the results of the dynamic programming recursion in a table. You will not score any points for just writing down the answer:

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{maximise} && 3x_1 + 8x_2 + 12x_3 \\ &\text{subject to} && \\ &&& 2x_1 + 3x_2 + 3x_3 \leq 10 \\ &&& x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0 \text{ and integer.} \end{aligned}$$

Your answer should consist of a table.

(b) Using the answer to part (a), solve the following problem:

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{minimise} && 2x_1 + 3x_2 + 3x_3 \\ &\text{subject to} && \\ &&& 3x_1 + 8x_2 + 12x_3 \geq 30 \\ &&& x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0 \text{ and integer.} \end{aligned}$$

(This does not require any new computations!)

Q2: (33pts) A system can be in 3 states 1,2,3 and the cost of moving from state i to state j in one period is $c(i, j)$, where the $c(i, j)$ are given in the matrix below. The one period discount factor is $1/2$.

The aim is to find a policy which simultaneously minimises the discounted cost of operating from any starting state. Start with the policy

$$\pi(1) = 1, \pi(2) = 3, \pi(3) = 2.$$

Evaluate this policy. Is it optimal? If not find an improved policy.

YOU DO NOT NEED TO EVALUATE THIS NEW POLICY OR FIND AN OPTIMAL STRATEGY.

The matrix of costs is

$$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 6 \\ 1 & 6 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Q3: (33pts) Formulate a dynamic programming functional equation that could be used to solve the following problem: A manufacture wishes to minimise the operating costs for the next N periods. The cost of producing x items on a machine of age t in period j , given that y items were produced in period $j - 1$ is $c_j(x, y, t)$. A new machine costs an amount A and a machine of age T must be scrapped. The machine can be overhauled at a cost of B . This results in a machine of equivalent age 3. The purchase or overhaul of a machine can be done instantaneously at the beginning of a period. The demand in period j is d_j . If any demand is not met, then it becomes back-ordered and there is a charge of a per unit per period that this demand remains unmet. The maximum amount that can be held in stock for any period is H_1 and the maximum amount that can be back-ordered is H_2 .