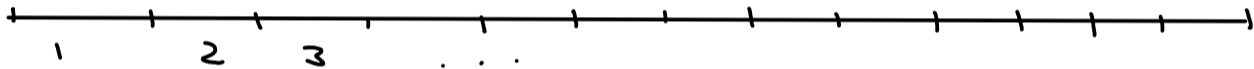


9/4/13

Single machine problem with replacement.



Demand  $d_1, d_2, \dots, d_n$

Max. inventory  $H$

Cost of production is  $c_s(x)$  for machine aged  $s$ .

$P$  = cost of new machine

$f_r(i, s)$  = min. cost in  $r, r+1, \dots, n$  starting with inventory  $i$  and machine aged  $s$ .

$$= \min \begin{cases} \text{keep} & \min_x (c_s(x) + f_{r+1}(i+x-d_r, s+1)) \\ \text{Replace} & P + \min_x (c_0(x) + f_{r+1}(i+x-d_r, 1)) \end{cases}$$

## Knapsack Problem

Item  $j$  has weight  $w_j$  and value  $P_j$ .  $j=1, 2, \dots, n$ .

Knapsack can hold  $W$ .

$F_r(w) = \text{max. value from items } 1, 2, \dots, r \text{ placed in}$   
knapsack of size  $w$

$$f_r(\omega) = \max_{\substack{0 \leq x_r \leq \frac{b_r}{\omega_r} \\ x_r \text{ integer}}} (p_r x_r + f_{r-1}(\omega - \omega_r x_r))$$

$$= \max \begin{cases} x_r = 0 & f_{r-1}(\omega) \\ x_r \geq 1 & p_r + f_r(\omega - \omega_r) \end{cases}$$

$n=4,$	$j$	1	2	3	4
$W=9$	$\omega_j$	1	3	5	7
	$P_j$	2	7	15	22

$n=4$ ,  $j$  1 2 3 4  
 $\omega_j$  1 3 5 7  
 $W=9$   $p_j$  2 7 15 22

$\omega$	$f_1$	$b_1$	$f_2$	$b_2$	$f_3$	$b_3$	$f_4$	$b_4$
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	2	1	2	0	2	0	2	0
2	4	1	4	0	4	0	4	0
3	6	1	7	1	7	0	7	0
4	8	1	9	1	9	0	9	0
5	10	1	11	1	15	1	15	0
6	12	1	14	1	17	1	17	0
7	14	1	16	1	19	1	22	1
8	16	1	18	1	22	1	24	1
9	18	1	21	1	24	1	26	1